

2. Pre Connection Attacks

I am assuming you already did this:

[>>you need to prepare your network card like here<<](#)

Scan Networks

```
airodump-ng wlan0
```

You should see something like this:

```
CH 2 ][ Elapsed: 18 s ][ 2018-10-08 09:59
BSSID          PWR  Beacons  #Data, #/s  CH  MB  ENC  CIPHER AUTH  ESSID
64:16:F0:EC:7B:F3 -50    29      0  0  6  270  WPA  CCMP  PSK  Test_AP
5C:A8:6A:16:A0:4C -38    13      2  0  1  54e  WEP  WEP   eir21601582-2.4G
F8:23:B2:B9:50:A8 -50    21      2  0  3  130  OPN  eir88
F8:23:B2:B9:50:A9 -53    20      0  0  3  130  WPA2 CCMP  MGT  eir_WiFi
BSSID          STATION  PWR  Rate  Lost  Frames  Probe
```

let's break this down:

BSSID

Is the MAC Address of the Network

PWR

Is the signal strength or power. The higher the number, the better signal we have

Beacons

Are the frames sent from the Network to broadcast its existence. Every Network, even if it's hidden, sends these frames to tell the wireless devices that it exists and its MAC Address, its channel, its encryption and its name

Data

These are the data packages or data frames. They are the packages which get interesting when it comes to wireless hacking

#/s

Are the packages which were collected the last 10 seconds

CH

Is the wireless Channel of the Network

MB

Is the Maximum Speed supported

ENC

Is the Encryption used

CIPHER

Cipher used in the Network

Auth

is the authentications used in this network. For example PSK (Pre shared key) or MGT

ESSID

Is the Network Name

Don't worry just yet about **ENC, CIPHER and Auth** just yet, it will be a part in the gaining Access part of this Wiki

Revision #5

Created 10 February 2023 16:59:06 by tinfoil-hat

Updated 9 March 2023 18:06:05 by tinfoil-hat